

BioLaMer, funded by the EIC Pathfinder Open project, tackles two major global challenges: food waste and the petrochemical plastics problems, by introducing a new value chain. BioLaMer is demonstrating a proof of principle fly larvae biorefinery by establishing food-eating black soldier fly larvae (Hermetia illucens) as a high-impact feedstock for the production of two biopolymers, chitosan and polyhydroxyalkanoates (PHA), and value-added bioplastics-based products from them.

INNOVATION IN THE PROJECT

EIC Innovation Radar recognizes two innovations from BioLaMer project and categorized them under exploring phase, marking significant potential for future market applications.

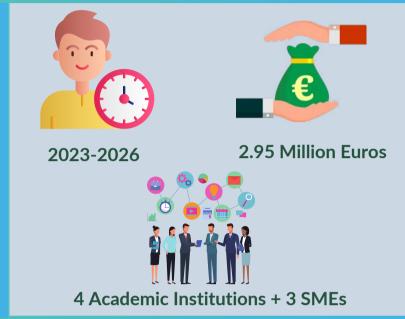




All natural superabsorbent material

PHA production from larvae biomass





BioLaMer Approach Contributing to the Food Waste Mitigation

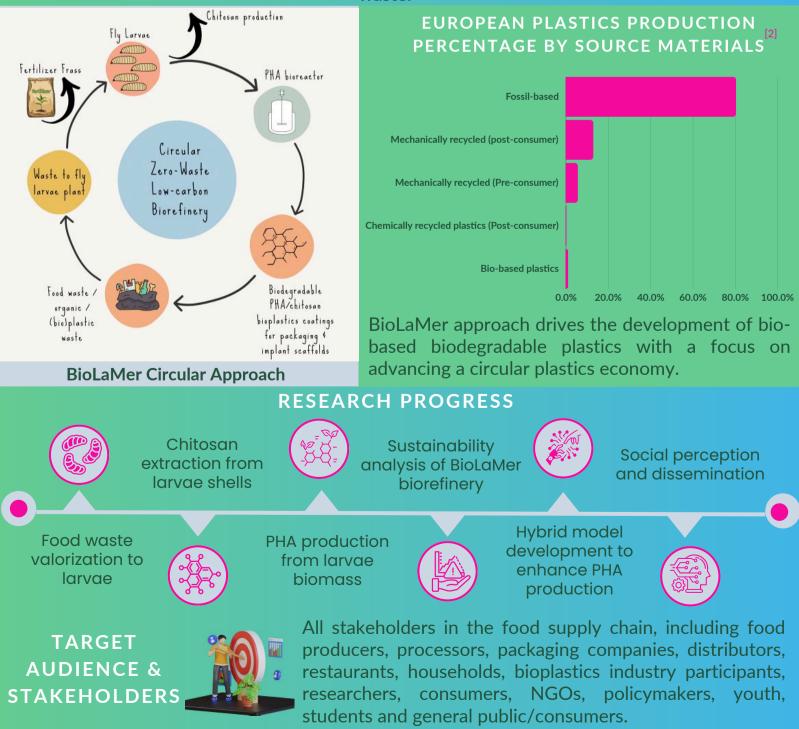
BioLaMer is actively demonstrating the development of a Black Soldier Fly Larvae cultivation plant (larvae biorefinery) that utilizes food waste collected from restaurants, aiming to significantly mitigate the 15 kg per capita of food wasted by restaurants and food services when scaled up to a large scale.

Food Waste to Larvae Conversion

In the current BioLaMer larvae production bioreactor, approximately 1 kg of larvae is 💯 produced from approximately 6 kg of food waste.



Retail & other distribution of food 11 kg



References:

- https://ec.europa.eu/eurostat/statistics-explained/index.php?title=Food_waste_and_food_waste_prevention_-_estimates
 https://plasticseurope.org/knowledge-hub/plastics-the-fast-facts-2023/
 https://www.marketdataforecast.com/market-reports/polyhydroxyalkanoate-market
 1Molenveld, K., Post, W., Ferreira, S. F., De Sévaux, G., & Hartstra, M. (2022). Paving the way for biobased materials : a roadmap for the market introduction of PHA's. https://doi.org/10.18174/561676



PHA Cost Analysis



- 0 2020 Year 2025 BioLaMer LCC Review Analysis^[4]
- PHA production cost can vary between 2.3 €/kg and 4.3 €/kg, depending

on the feedstock, production strategies and scale.^[4]

The market price for PHA typically ranges between 4-6 €/kg.^[4]



Zero Waste

BioLaMer technology contributes to reducing food waste and mitigating pollution caused by petrochemical plastics. Additionally, both the larvae's shells and biomass are utilized as feedstocks for biopolymer production, supporting a zero waste approach.

Climate Change Mitigation

Sustainable valorization processes from these feedstocks for producing PHA and chitosan, and optimized energy consumption, can result in a net reduction of greenhouse gas emissions, thereby reducing the overall impact on environment.



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Circular Economy and Sustainability

The project embraces circular economy principles by promoting the continuous reuse of materials, contributing to a closed-loop system and also supporting long-term sustainability through the production of eco-friendly bioplastics-based products.



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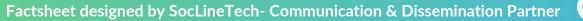












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