

INFOGRAPHICS

This project is funded by European Innovation Council under grant agreement no. 101099487. Views and opinions expressed are however those of the author(s) only and do not necessarily reflect those of the European Union. Neither the European Union nor the granting authority can be held responsible for them.



OUR RESEARCH

European

Council

Innovation



BioLaMer aims to demonstrate a new concept of biorefinery. Using food eating black soldier fly larvae (Hermetia illucens) as a high impact feedstock, it provides a cost-effective solution for producing two biopolymers, namely chitosan and Polyhydroxyalkanoates (PHA) - which are then transformed into high-value bioplastics.

Funded by

the European Union



BIOPLASTICS COMMERCIALIZATION BARRIER ANALYSIS



The image and data show the results of the barrier analysis obtained by BioLaMer partner, COFAC, based on the literature review of studies in the bioplastics sector. This data illustrates the percentage of studies that identified each barrier that impacts the production and commercialization of bioplastics technologies. 1

Technological 83 % Knowledge 56.8%

47.7%

Economic

Supply stability

Regulatory

33.5%

Behavioral 18.2%

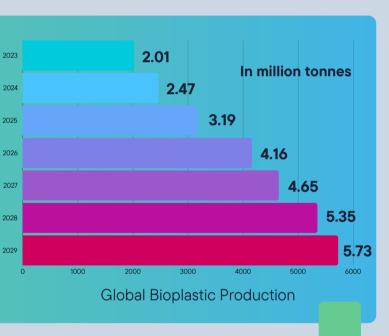


studies that identified each barriers

THE RISE OF BIOPLASTICS

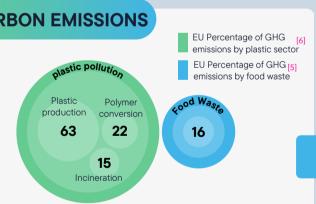
According European bioplastics, global 2023 bioplastic production is projected to grow from 2.47 million tonnes in 2024 to approximately 5.73 million tonnes by 2029. 2025

In 2024, PHA accounted for 4.1% of the global bioplastics production capacity, 2027 approximately 102 thousand tonnes. This share is expected to grow substantially, reaching 17% by 2029, with a projected 2029 production capacity of around thousand tonnes.[2]

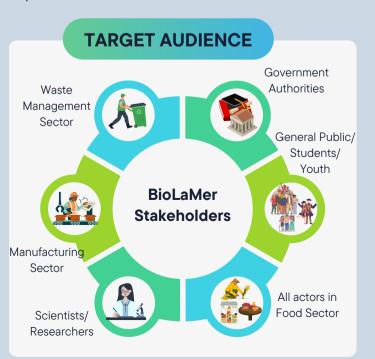


MPACT IN WASTE REDUCTION

- BioLaMer demonstrates the potential reducing food waste by producing 1 kg of larvae feeding 6 kg of food waste.[3]
- On a global scale, if we calculate with this approach, it could reduce global food waste of 1.05 trillion kg of food waste, generating an estimated 175 billion kg of larvae, and possibly mitigating food waste issues.
- BioLaMer is currently working on evaluating the impact that can be created by converting this larvae to useful biopolymers and bioplastic products.



Through the development of sustainable bio-based solutions, BioLaMer aims to address the carbon emissions caused by these two sectors.



JOB CREATION IMPACT



Potential job opportunities that can be created from successful technologies;

- Waste Collection and Processing.
- Larvae Farming Initiatives.
- Biochemical & Biopolymer Production Sector.
- Bioplastics Manufacturing Industries.
- Environmental & Sustainability Roles.

Follow us @ https://biolamer.eu/ References:

- 1.<u>https://www.mdpi.com/2071-1050/17/</u>3/820
- 2. https://www.european-bioplastics.org/market/ 3. BioLaMer Factsheet
- 4. <u>United Nations Climate Change</u>
- 5. EU food loss and waste prevention 6. GHG emissions from EU's plastics value chain

